Abstract
This study deals with the summarization of industrial education in Bartlesville, Oklahoma, school system with respect to professional preparation, experience, tenure, and special duties of the teacher. Also, the enrollment, subject content, and use of textbooks of the industrial education classes. The type, size, location of the shops; the evaluation of each shop, and the enrollment of the schools’ industrial education programs are included. The information is presented in table form with explanations of each. Included, also, are the conclusion of the study and recommendations for improvements. From the study of twelve industrial education teachers, who answered the questionnaire and personal interview, the following information was gathered: There were 1,290 students enrolled in industrial education classes for the year of 1957-58. Half of the twelve industrial education teachers hold a masters degree. Summer employment is made available to the industrial education teachers. Class rooms have ample space and the industrial education program has grown tremendously since 1916 to 1958. The industrial education program is very popular with junior and senior high students. Drafting, auto mechanics and carpentry courses qualify more students for jobs after finishing high school than any other industrial education courses in the Bartlesville city schools.

URI
https://hdl.handle.net/11244/32228
1916 In Public School Administration, Ellwood P. Cubberley argues that schools are factories in which children are raw materials to be shaped into products to meet demands of life. 1917 Italian-American progressive educator Angelo Patri publishes Schoolmaster of the Great City. 1917 School inspector Elizardo Pérez meets indigenous educator Avelino Siñani: the clandestine schools of Warisata in Bolivia. 1944 “Children of the big city may well envy these youngsters”: Education In Fordlandia, a rubber plantation in the Amazon forest established by Henry Ford. 1945 In 17 Educadores de América, Uruguayan teacher Jesualdo Sosa challenges Ponce’s reproductionist approach. 1945 “Color Prejudice Must Go”: University of Toronto students picket ice rink after 2 boys face racial discrimination. Bartlesville is a city mostly in Washington County in the U.S. state of Oklahoma. The population was 35,750 at the 2010 census, with a 2015 estimate of 36,595 according to the U.S. Census Bureau. Bartlesville is 47 miles (76 km) north of Tulsa and 18 miles (29 km) south of the Kansas border. It is the county seat of Washington County. The Caney River runs through Bartlesville.